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Air Asia India stops charging for baggage– Regulator Intervention

[*Business Standard: 6th June 2014*]

Air Asia India stopped collecting fee for check-in luggage up to 15 kilograms, following the Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA)'s intervention. The airline opened bookings on Friday night for its inaugural routes — Bangalore-Goa and Bangalore-Chennai. The Bangalore-Goa flight will start from June 12 and the other flight from June 19.



The budget airline had earlier decided to continue with its international practice of not offering free check-in luggage. It had announced a fee of Rs. 199 for up to 15 kg, and more over that weight. Rival domestic airlines do not charge for up to 15 kg of luggage.

However, DGCA took objection to the airline collecting fees without informing it. The regulator had asked the airline to stop collecting charges till it had cleared these. While airlines in India are allowed to unbundle services (charge for services), they need to inform the aviation regulator before introducing these.

Now, 'voice' your complaints with DDA online for speedy redressal

[*Hindustan Times: 6th June 2014*]

NEW DELHI: DDA is developing an application that will help people voice-record their complaints online.



This means that instead of filing written complaints, one can speak and register their complaint which would then be transcribed for the DDA to follow through.

The IT department of the DDA is driving the initiative. It will use the authority's website as an interface to record user's voice messages.

To begin with, complaints regarding allotment of flats and leasing of plots would be addressed through this service. Other departments would be included in phased

manner. According to senior officials, grievance redressal is a major issue with people while dealing with DDA.

At present, there are more than 2,000 pending complaints with the city authority. DDA said that a link would be available on the authority's website to register complaints and each complainant would be given a unique identification number. Complainants would then be able to track the status of their complaints with the help of this number.

The authority has been trying to smoothen the process of grievance redressal and make it more hassle-free.

Earlier, it had started the '**Samasya Nidaan Sewa**', which is its online portal for registering and tracking complaints.

The DDA is trying to make a centralized system for redressing complaints.

The DDA has opened an online facility for those consumers under its jurisdiction to pay their water bills. To use this facility, users would have to register by using their consumer identification and e-mail, after which they would be given a password.

Never part with debit/credit card PIN: RBI

[*The Hindu: 7th June 2014*]

Many customers unwittingly reveal their PINs at retail outlets, restaurants

A few months ago, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) made it mandatory for holders of debit and credit cards to punch in the personal identification number (PIN) while completing transactions at retail outlets across the country.

While the norm is followed to minimize frauds, there is a lot of doubt and fear among cardholders about possible misuse. There have been instances of fraud, as many people reveal the recently-obtained PINs, either in good faith or out of sheer ignorance.

According to sources at RBI-Chennai, earlier, it was easier for fraudsters to create counterfeit cards with magnetic strips, or embed details on stolen cards and misuse them.

Now several banks have started to issue cards with embedded chips, and moreover, if a cardholder keys in the wrong PIN three times, the card gets blocked for a day.

Banks have also started to provide wireless swiping machines — electronic data capture (EDC) machines. While there are no regulations against merchants seeking the PIN from customers, it is the right of the customers to punch in the PIN by themselves.

It is better to change the PIN every three months to prevent cyber fraud. RBI is also joining hands with various banks to hold electronic banking awareness and training (e-Baat) programmes.



Now, submit forms for power connections online

[*The Tribune: 14th June 2014*]

Chandigarh: To accelerate the release of power connections above 20kW, officials of the Uttar Haryana Bijli Vitran Nigam and Dakshin Haryana Bijli Vitran Nigam will contact the applicants and get completed the formalities for want of which the connections are pending.

Anil Malik, MD, said the delay on part of officials in the release of electricity connections would not be tolerated. He said the discoms had started the facility of online submission of forms for new electricity connections. In the first phase of the facility, all prospective industrial consumers and consumers of all other categories seeking connections of 20 kW or above would be able to submit their application forms and related documents at www.dhbvn.com and www.uhbvn.com.

Malik said all Chief Engineers (operations) and Superintending Engineers (operations) would check the status of release of connections twice a month.

Malik asked the officials to ensure power supply for the purpose of drinking water and for at least eight hours for tube wells and 14 hours for domestic use in villages.



Four traps to avoid when buying insurance online

[*Financial Chronicle: 11th June 2014*]

Life insurance is a unique product. You should be highly involved in the purchase, finding the time for sessions with your investment agent or a financial planner, discussing your financial goals, comparing plans, reading brochures, checking the tables to finally select one that suits your needs. That's the way life insurance has ideally been sold for ages.

Then, it was hard to imagine replicating this online – in the way you would purchase an airline ticket or a book online. But that's what insurers have been working hard at — and successfully too.

There is a growing trend of new age customers who are adopting a fast, transparent and cost-effective way of buying a life insurance plan online.



Not disclosing facts: As a life insurance contract is based on good faith, it is critical for an individual to adhere to complete disclosure of material information while applying for a policy. For example, if a life assured is suffering from high blood pressure, he is obligated to mention this fact at the time of entering into a life insurance contract. In case the policyholder purchases a policy without mentioning this fact, he may be granted the cover based on his declaration. However, in case of an early death, the insurance company is within its rights to repudiate the claim as material facts had not been disclosed at the time of entering the contract. On the face of it, the insurance company seems to be unfair in repudiating the claim on the basis of the non-disclosure. However if one sees the insurance business closely, one will realize that the claim amount is actually paid by the other policyholders who contribute according to a principle of risk-sharing. The insurance company provides the administration and the platform wherein policyholders can purchase the cover. It is the responsibility of the insurer to ensure that non-genuine claims and claims arising due to non-disclosure of material facts are monitored.

Going by price only: The online platform brings down distribution costs and allows customers to buy directly, thereby making the price of the product attractive. Today several life insurers are offering online term plans at competitive rates. Customers can benefit from the lower premium rates which some companies offer for non-tobacco users. I would also recommend to customers that apart from the price, they must evaluate claim settlement history, company brand name and service capabilities before deciding on the company and the product.

Not buying early: As always, the insurance fundamental principle is that the younger one starts, the better for him/her, as premiums will be low when the individual is younger and healthier. Also, when the insured is young, he/she can avail of longer term coverage, e.g., 30 years. For example, a 25-year old healthy individual can enjoy a sum assured of Rs 1 core by paying a mere premium of about Rs 8,000

annually (exclusive of service tax). However, the premium goes above Rs 14,000 for the same cover for a 35-year-old individual (policy term of 30 years).

Buying for tax savings only: It is very important to understand the life stage needs and the amount of insurance cover required before buying a life insurance plan. Purchasing a life insurance policy for only tax savings, without a clear fit of the product to life stage needs, is not a wise decision as you will soon realize that you did not buy the product for the right reason.

Life insurers have created an online platform that is comprehensive to aid a high involvement purchase. The good news is a lot of insurers have succeeded. What's more, because of the disintermediation, the online platform is significantly attractive for customers. In summary, online insurance is an idea whose time has come, so embrace it but play the game by the rules.

Registering property is now a click away

[*Hindustan Times: 19th June 2014*]

NEW DELHI: Delhiites can now fix an online appointment to register their property with the inauguration of an e-sub registrar office at Janakpuri.



At present a person who wants to register a document has to deal with huge crowds, serpentine queues and lack of infrastructure such as proper seating, drinking water and toilet facilities. Even after going through this ordeal, he or she has to make several rounds of the sub registrar's office and wait endlessly before the document is registered and delivered.

“To put an end to this, the new system envisages a process in which each applicant arrives at the e-sub registrar's office with a pre-fixed appointment. The appointment can be taken online by accessing the website of the revenue department”. The entire process of registration has been re-engineered, making it hassle free. *“The registered documents will be delivered to them the very same day at the e-sub registrar's office and in case the documents are rejected,*

they will be informed in writing on the same day”.

SEBI sets common ground for KYC

[*Business Line: 20th June 2014*]

NEW DELHI: The Securities and Exchange Board of India has decided to share the KYC information available with it with entities regulated by other financial sector regulators. This is significant as it is seen as a step towards a common know-your-client in the financial sector.

“This is the first move in that direction (common KYC in financial sector), which will be investor friendly”.

For the securities market, there is a centralized KYC system that was introduced by SEBI and currently with data of about 1.95 crore KYCs of investors.

Currently, the facility of sharing of KYC information is available only among SEBI registered intermediaries.

This SEBI move would further facilitate the KYC process for investors in the entire financial sector, he said.

It will reduce the paperwork and bring down the cost of operations for investors as well as intermediaries.



This will also save the investors from the hassle of getting KYC done repeatedly by the intermediaries regulated by other financial sector regulators.

Employee benefit schemes

The SEBI board on Thursday also gave its nod to frame a regulatory framework for employee benefit schemes involving shares of a company, in addition to ESOP and ESPS.

Such schemes would also be allowed to acquire shares from the secondary market under certain conditions so as to avoid forced dilution of capital and to be in line with international practice.

The proposed regulations intend to address issues regarding composition of trusts, facilitate secondary market acquisitions, enhanced disclosures and better enforceability.

The existing guidelines on employee stock option schemes and employee stock purchase schemes will be replaced by a new set of regulations.

Don't let your car insurance lapse

[Business Line: 23rd June 2014]

Loss of no-claim benefits and a lengthy reinstatement process make it prudent to renew motor insurance on time

Have you ever forgotten to pay your utility bills or credit card dues on time? If so, you would be aware of the difficulties that it brings in the form of penalties and disruption of services. The same applies to car insurance premiums.

The consequences

While there are instances when one can genuinely forget renewing the motor insurance premium, some vehicle owners intentionally do not renew the motor insurance policy of their vehicle to save a few hundred rupees on the premium. In the process, you expose yourself to financial liability in terms of any repairs that may be required. More importantly, any compensation to the family of the deceased involved in an accident becomes the responsibility of the vehicle owner. Thirdly, you also lose out on accumulated benefits (No-Claim Bonus).



NCB is the discount that you get on the vehicle's premiums for each year that you don't make a claim and can go as high as 50 per cent for a continuous track record of no claim. In case your vehicle remains uninsured for more than 90 days, you shall lose the accrued benefits of NCB. In the process, you also cannot transfer the NCB to the new vehicle if you were to purchase one. Premium for a new and higher end vehicle will be far more than an old vehicle. As such, losing on NCB benefits can lead to a lost opportunity in terms of paying lower insurance premium on your new car.

Time-consuming

Reinstating a lapsed policy also takes time and effort as it would mean following the procedure applicable while buying a new motor insurance policy. Having said this, if you are applying for a third party motor insurance cover, the process is not too difficult and an insurance company will offer the policy even after a break.

However, if you are opting for a comprehensive policy, which is the more preferred cover, you will have to go through a slightly longer process.

If a lapsed comprehensive motor insurance policy requires renewal, one needs to fill up a fresh proposal form akin to insuring a new vehicle. Also, it becomes imperative for the insurance company to inspect your vehicle. The inspection is done to document any pre-existing damages to the car. These damages will not be covered by the insurance company in the future even though it may decide to insure the vehicle. One must note that the insurance company may charge a higher premium for a vehicle whose policy has lapsed or may even decide to reject the insurance proposal.

Given the multiple losses from letting your car insurance lapse and complications in renewing a lapsed policy, it is prudent to renew on time. Nowadays, insurance companies notify customers regarding policy renewal through emails and SMS alerts. With technology at your finger tips, online/mobile renewal of policy is a simple task. Online renewal also provides the benefit of receiving a digitally signed policy immediately.

Car owner files damages claim

[The Telegraph: 21st June 2014]

Owners of several cars damaged by the driverless tram that ran through traffic at Ballygunge Phari on Thursday morning reached Gariahat police station on Friday to know how to file for compensation, a process distinct from insurance claims in motor-accident cases.

The other car owners who had turned up at the police station returned after making enquiries about what is usually a long-winding process involving a tribunal. The good news is that the Calcutta Tramways Company is ready to pay compensation to them.

“We will bear the cost of repairing the damaged vehicles. A claimant needs to apply to the CTC for compensation, narrating the incident. Our team of engineers will assess the nature of damage (to the vehicle) and we will arrive at a compensation amount after mutual discussion,” Nilanjan Shandilya, managing director of the CTC, said.



The company's law officer has been asked to start the process immediately.

If any demand for compensation is not settled mutually, it reaches a tribunal dealing with motor-accident claim cases. The MCR is mandatory to file a claim.

“An MCR means that a collision has taken place and the police have confirmed it by drawing up a case under the IPC,” said a senior officer of the traffic police. *“Usually, for an MCR, a case is drawn up under Section 279 of the IPC that deals with rash and negligent driving. In the tram case, an additional charge under Section 338 (causing grievous hurt by act endangering life or personal safety of others) could be added.”*

The deputed tribunal hears a case and grants or rejects a compensation claim after studying the gravity of the injury or damage caused by the accident. In the event of a fatal accident, compensation is usually worked out keeping in mind the number of active years the deceased would have had and the amount of money he or she would have earned in that period.

Health min plans to give 50 essential medicines free

[Hindustan Times: 20th June 2014]

Health Minister to provide 50 essential generic medicines, free of cost, from "birth to death" to all Indians across the nation.

"Fifty basic essential drugs address 75% of the healthcare needs of the majority, and we plan to make these available free to everyone, from birth to death," Union health minister Harsh Vardhan told HT.

The programme will be rolled out in phases, beginning with select hospitals across India, with the objective of reaching every citizen.



GOVERNMENT'S PRESCRIPTION

- Administration says the 50 drugs take care of 75% of the healthcare needs of the majority
- Programme to be rolled out in phases, starting with select hospitals across India
- Medicines to be available complimentary on prescription at public hospitals and dispensaries
- Focus on efficient procurement, quality control and rational use of drugs

Once the rollout is complete, everyone will get these 50 medicines – that include traditional treatments for pain, infection, hypertension, diabetes, among others – complimentary on prescription at public hospitals and dispensaries.

"A standard list of medicines will ensure that for the same amount of money, 35% more medicines of superior quality can be procured to meet the healthcare needs of the majority," said Dr Vardhan.

"The programme will focus on efficient procurement, quality control and rational use – 50% medicines are wasted or overused, leading to complications and drug-resistance," the minister added.

The Delhi model has been duplicated in 12 states in India and is promoted as a case study for developing nations by WHO.

सूचना नहीं देने पर 25 हजार जुर्माना

[Dainik Jagran: 26th June 2014]

बाहरी दिल्ली | सूचना के अधिकार कानून के तहत मांगी गई जानकारी शिकायतकर्ता को नहीं मुहैया कराना अलीपुर सब डिवीजन के कार्यपालक अधिकारी सह तहसीलदार को महंगा पड़ गया। मामले में केंद्रीय सूचना आयोग (सीआइसी) ने कार्यपालक अधिकारी सह तहसीलदार पर 25 हजार रुपये का जुर्माना लगाया है। सीआइसी ने उन्हें शिकायतकर्ता को अपने गांव में अतिक्रमण को लेकर की गई शिकायत के बारे में की गई कार्रवाई से संबंधित जानकारी नहीं देने के मामले में दोषी पाया और संबंधित विभाग को पांच महीने में उनके वेतन से जुर्माने की राशि वसूलने का निर्देश दिया है।

क्या था मामला

मामले में नरेला इलाके के सिंघोला गांव निवासी हरि सिंह ने शिव शक्ति हनुमान मंदिर के पास सरकारी भूमि पर

कतिपय लोगों द्वारा किए गए अतिक्रमण की शिकायत नगर निगम में की थी। नगर निगम ने मामले में कार्रवाई के लिए अलीपुर एसडीएम कार्यालय को पत्र लिख दिया था, लेकिन इस दिशा में दोनों ही विभागों की ओर से कोई कार्रवाई नहीं हुई तो उन्होंने मौके का किस अधिकारी ने निरीक्षण किया और उन्होंने क्या कार्रवाई की, इसकी जानकारी आरटीआइ के माध्यम से मांगी, लेकिन समय सीमा के बाद उन्हें कोई जानकारी नहीं दी गई। प्रथम अपील दायर करने के बाद भी वह सूचना पाने से वंचित रहे। इसके बाद उन्होंने वर्ष 2012 में सीआइसी में अंतिम अपील दायर की थी। मामले की सुनवाई करते हुए सीआइसी ने एक अक्टूबर 2012 को जन सूचना अधिकारी को 15 दिनों के अंदर मांगी गई जानकारी देने का निर्देश दिया था। इसके बाद शिकायतकर्ता को 7 नवंबर 12 को एसडीएम कार्यालय का पत्र मिला, जिसमें उन्हें 5 नवंबर को ही कार्यालय का आकर संबंधित फाइल आदि का निरीक्षण करने के लिए कहा गया था। जब वह 8 नवंबर को वहां पहुंचे तो अधिकारियों ने समय बीत जाने का हवाला देते हुए कागजात का निरीक्षण कराने से मना कर दिया। दरअसल एसडीएम कार्यालय उन्हें सूचना नहीं देना चाहता था। यही कारण था कि उन्हें कार्यालय की ओर से निरीक्षण की तिथि से एक दिन बाद ही पत्र डाक के माध्यम से प्रेषित किया गया था। हरि ने एक बार फिर मामले की जानकारी सीआइसी को दी। इसके बाद तहसीलदार को नोटिस जारी कर स्पष्टीकरण पूछा गया, लेकिन उन्होंने कोई संतोषजनक जवाब नहीं दिया। ऐसे में सीआइसी ने एक सौ दिन से अधिक बीत जाने के बाद भी शिकायतकर्ता को सूचना उपलब्ध नहीं कराने में अधिकारी पर जुर्माना ठोक दिया।

ATM की पर्ची में खतरनाक केमिकल

टॉक्सिक बायस्फीनॉल-ए कई रास्तों से करता है एंट्री, सेहत के लिए बड़ा खतरा

[Navbharat Times: 30th June 2014]

एटीएम से पैसे निकालने के बाद मिलने वाली रसीद को सभी संभाल कर रखते हैं। बड़े-बड़े मॉल्स और शोरूम में खरीददारी के बाद पेमेंट की रसीद को लोग पर्स में भी रख लेते हैं। कुछ लोग तो पेट्रोल पंप, बस के टिकट की पर्चियां या रसीद तक घर में ले जाकर बच्चों को दे देते हैं। लेकिन प्रिंट के लिए इस्तेमाल होने वाली इन रसीदों पर चढ़ाई जाने वाली कोटिंग में बेहद खतरनाक केमिकल होता है। इसमें बायस्फीनॉल-ए (बीपीए) नामक केमिकल्स मिक्स होता है, जो टॉक्सिक होता है। पेश है स्पेशल रिपोर्ट:

क्या है बीपीए?

डॉक्टर डी.के. दास ने बताया कि बायस्फीनॉल-ए एक केमिकल है जिसका यूज कई प्रोडक्ट में सालों से हो रहा है। खासकर एयर टाइट डिब्बे, स्पोर्ट्स के समान, सीडी और डीवीडी, वाटर पाइप की लीकेज को ठीक करने और खाने के प्रोडक्ट वाले पैकेट पर कोटिंग चढ़ाने के काम में आता है। इस वजह से यूरोप में बच्चों की फीडिंग बॉटल बनाने में इसके यूज को सालों पहले बैन कर दिया गया है।



1957 से इस्तेमाल में

बायस्फीनॉल-ए (बीपीए) एक ऐसा केमिकल है 1957 से यूज हो रहा है। जिसमें बॉटल को एयर टाइट करने, फीडिंग बॉटल की कोटिंग, फूड ड्रिंक्स के पैकेट की कोटिंग, लीकेज को बंद करने वाले पेस्ट में खूब हो रहा है। भारत में भी इसका प्रयोग सालों से हो रहा है। लेकिन आजकल प्रिंट पेपर पर इसकी कोटिंग चढ़ाई जाती है जिसका प्रयोग काफी बढ़ा है। लेकिन डॉक्टरों का कहना है कि लोगों को इस बारे में जागरूक किया जाए और सरकार इसके दूसरे विकल्प को जल्द से जल्द बाजार में उतारने की कोशिश करे।

क्यों है खतरनाक?

हाल ही में महाराष्ट्र की डॉ. बाबा साहेब आंबेडकर मराठवाड़ा यूनिवर्सिटी में हुई एक रिसर्च के मुताबिक इस कागज पर की गई केमिकल कोटिंग मानव शरीर के लिए काफी खतरनाक हो सकती है। इन पर्चियों पर कुछ भी छापने के लिए थर्मल प्रिंटर का उपयोग किया जाता है। इसलिए जहां तक संभव हो ऐसी पर्ची को अपने से दूर रखें क्योंकि इसके लगातार संपर्क में आने से साइड इफेक्ट का खतरा रहता है और सान गंभीर बीमारी का शिकार हो सकता है। बीएलके सुपर स्पेशिएलिटी हॉस्पिटल के डॉक्टर आर.के. सिंघल का कहना है कि इन कागजों की कोटिंग में ट्रायरील मिथेन थॉलिड के ल्यूको डाय, बीपीए, बायस्फीनॉल-बी (बीपीएस) और स्टेब्लाइजर्स का उपयोग होता है। आज कल इसका सबसे ज्यादा यूज थर्मल प्रिंटर में उपयोग किए जाने वाले पेपर कोटिंग पर बायस्फीनॉल-ए का उपयोग किया जाता है।

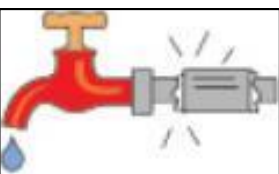
कैसे होती है बॉडी में एंट्री

उंगलियों के रास्ते: रिसर्च के अनुसार अगर ऐसे कागज को पांच सेकंड तक हाथ में रखा जाए तो 1 माइक्रोग्राम बीपीए हमारी उंगलियों में लग जाता है। अगर हाथ में नमी हो तो यह और तेजी से काम करता है। दस घंटे तक लगातार इस पेपर को हाथ में रखने वाले इंसान के बॉडी में 71 बीपीए इंट्री कर सकता है।



पर्स से भी एंट्री: डॉक्टर का कहना है कि अगर आप पर्स में ऐसे पेपर रखते हैं तो इसकी इंक के कण पर्स में गिरते हैं और इससे पैसे के साथ-साथ पूरे पर्स में बीपीए मौजूद रहता है और इंसान बार-बार इसे टच करेगा, जो ज्यादा खतरनाक है।

फूड पैकेज और ड्रिंक्स से: डॉक्टर आर.के. सिंघल का कहना है कि फूड ड्रिंक्स के पैकेट में अगर कहीं पर लीक हो या कटा फटा हुआ हो तो यह खाने के पदार्थ से मिक्स होकर बॉडी तक जा सकता है।



पानी के पाइप से: इसी प्रकार अगर पानी के पाइप लाइन में लीकेज हो तो इसे बंद करने के लिए लोग पेस्ट यूज करते हैं, इस पेस्ट के साथ मिक्स होकर पानी के साथ बीपीए पेट में पहुंच सकता है।

अंडरग्राउंड्स वाटर तक पहुंच: यही नहीं अगर ऐसे प्रोडक्ट को फेक दिया जाए तो यह मिट्टी के साथ मिक्स होकर पानी में मिल जाएगा और फिर जमीन के पानी के साथ मिक्स हो जाएगा।



क्या है इससे खतरा

डॉक्टर दास का कहना है कि बीपीए फीमेल हार्मोन इंस्ट्रोजोन की तरह काम करता है और इसके



लगातार टच से जहां प्रिग्नेंट लेडीज के ब्लड में मिक्स हो कर प्लेसेंटा में जा सकता है और गर्भ में पल रहे बच्चे के लिए खतरनाक हो सकता है। इसी प्रकार छोटे बच्चे में लीवर पर असर हो सकता है, क्योंकि बच्चे में टॉक्सिक को डिटॉक्सीफाई करने वाले एंजाइम नहीं बना होता है। जब यह बाँड़ी में जाता है तो इंस्ट्रोजोन की तरह बीहेव करता है और लड़कियों में फ्री मैच्योर नेचुरल साइकिल पर असर पड़ता है। इसके अलावे ब्रेस्ट कैंसर, प्रोस्टेट, बच्चों में हाइपर ऐक्टिविटी, न्यूरो, मोटापा, डायबिटीज और इम्यून सिस्टम कमजोर होने का खतरा रहता है।

करें बीपीए बॉटल की पहचान

डॉक्टर डी.के. दास का कहना है कि बेबी फीडिंग बॉटल पर तो बीपीए का यूज अब नहीं हो रहा है। लेकिन अगर लोग थोड़ा सतर्क रहें तो बीपीए बॉटल की पहचान कर सकते हैं। हर बॉटल के पीछे हिस्से में एक त्रिकोण बना होता है और त्रिकोण के अंदर डिजिट में एक लिखा होता है और उसके नीचे pet लिखा होता है, इसका मतलब है कि बॉटल बीपीए फ्री है। लेकिन जिस त्रिकोण में 07 और नीचे pl लिखा होता है उसमें बीपीए होता है।

डॉक्टर का कहना है कि इसी प्रकार अगर किसी के पानी के पाइप लाइन लीकेज हो तो उसे पेस्ट से बंद करने के बजाए पाइप को बदलें ताकि किसी भी प्रकार के ऐसे टॉक्सिक से बचा जा सके।

नष्ट नहीं होता यह केमिकल

डॉक्टर सिंघल ने कहा कि ऐसे प्रोडक्ट को फेंकने का असर एक स्टडी में भी पाया गया है। अमेरिका में एक स्टडी में यूरिन टेस्ट किया गया था तो 80 पर्सेंट से ज्यादा लोगों का यूरिन पॉजिटिव आया था। इसका मतलब साफ है कि बीपीए ऐसा केमिकल है जो नष्ट नहीं होता है और पर्यावरण को भी नुकसान पहुंचाता है और नैचुरल प्रॉडक्ट के साथ मिक्स होकर बाँड़ी तक पहुंच जाता है।

हालांकि डॉक्टर ने कहा कि इससे डरने की जरूरत नहीं है, बस थोड़ा सतर्क रहें और ऐसे प्रोडक्ट से जहां तक संभव हो दूरी बनाए रखें। अगर इसे जला दिया जाए तो पर्यावरण को नुकसान होगा। सच तो यह है कि हमारे देश में ऐसे प्रॉडक्ट को डिस्पोज करने का कोई सिस्टम नहीं है।



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